In the laboratory, workers may be exposed to electrical hazards including electric shock, arc blasts, electrocutions, fires and explosions. Potential exposures to electrical hazards can result from faulty electrical equipment/instrumentation or wiring, damaged receptacles and connectors, or unsafe work practices.

To avoid such hazards, follow these best practices:

- Always follow manufacturer's recommendations for using electrical equipment.
- Do not use electrical equipment to perform a task for which it is not designed.
- Most equipment includes either a 3-pronged plug or double insulation. Equipment with neither of these features is less safe but may meet electriF. 1 Tf F. 1 odes. You will not be